

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service

2017 California Raisin Grape Mechanical Harvest Report



Cooperating with the California Department of Food and Agriculture

Pacific Region Office · P.O. Box 1258 · Sacramento, CA 95812 · (916) 738-6600 · (855) 270-2722 Fax · www.nass.usda.gov/ca

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RESULTS

Total acreage harvested by mechanical means was 45,548, just over 30 percent of the State's total raisin-type grape acreage, according to the Pacific Region Office of USDA's National Agricultural Statistics Service. The Overhead Management System was used on 13,385 bearing acres in 2017, accounting for 8.9 percent of the total raisin-type grape acreage. Fresno and Madera County growers have 52 and 40 percent of the Overhead Trellis acreage in the State, respectively. Kern County growers have 6 percent of the Overhead Trellis acreage. Other mechanical harvest systems include Continuous Tray at 20 percent of the raisin acreage, South Side with 0.4 percent and Open Gable with about 0.9 percent of the raisin-type grape acreage.

Although Fresno County has the most acreage with mechanical harvesting, at 33,313, that acreage only represents 30 percent of the Fresno County raisintype grape acreage. Kern and Madera County growers harvest 18 and 42 percent of their raisintype grape acreage by mechanical means, respectively.

By variety, Thompson Seedless grape acreage with mechanical harvesting is 32,703 or 25 percent of the total raisin-type grape acreage. Seventy percent of the Fiesta grape acreage is harvested mechanically and 63 percent of the Selma Pete acreage is harvested mechanically.

Most California raisins are produced by sun drying after placing bunches on paper trays on terraces between vine rows. The Overhead Trellis System has led to increased production of dried-on-the-vine raisins, increased machine harvesting, and decreased hand labor use.

PROCEDURES

The Pacific Region Office of USDA's National Agricultural Statistics Service, in cooperation with the California Department of Food and Agriculture, conducts an annual grape acreage survey. The 2017 Grape Acreage Report, published in April, summarized the latest survey results. At the request of the raisin industry, an additional question was added to the grape acreage survey form the past nine years to gather information on raisin-type acreage that is harvested mechanically. In addition to the mechanical harvest data, producers were asked to update acreage by variety and year planted. Growers were initially contacted by mail and follow up was done by telephone. This report summarizes data for mechanical harvest methods of raisin-type grapes. The totals included are only for those that voluntarily reported to this survey.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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Raisin-Type Grapes: Acreage by County, California, 2017

		Mechanical harvest		Type of mechanical harvest			
County	Total acreage	Acres	Percent of total acreage	Overhead trellis acres	Continuous tray acres	South side trellis acres	Open gable acres
Fresno	109,799	33,313	30	6,928	24,877	a/	a/
Kern	7,336	1,302	18	828	a/	a/	a/
Madera	23,909	10,035	42	5,321	4,610	a/	a/
Other Counties	9,142	898	10	308	816	543	1,317
Total	150,186	45,548	30	13,385	30,303	543	1,317

a/ Included in Other Counties to avoid disclosing data for individual operations.

Raisin-Type Grapes: Acreage by Variety, California, 2017

	Total acreage	Mechanical harvest		Type of mechanical harvest			
Variety		Acres	Percent of total acreage	Overhead trellis acres	Continuous tray acres	South side trellis acres	Open gable acres
Fiesta	12,269	8,610	70	5,946	2,608	a/	a/
Selma Pete	5,275	3,331	63	1,629	977	a/	a/
Thompson Seedless	129,690	32,703	25	5,359	26,303	515	526
Other Raisin-Type b/	2,952	904	31	451	415	28	94
Total Raisin-Type	150,186	45,548	30	13,385	30,303	543	1,317

a/ Included in Other Raisin-Type varieties to avoid disclosing data for individual operations.

MECHANICAL HARVEST METHODS

OVERHEAD TRELLIS – Grapes are dried directly on the vine, forming a canopy over the rows. It allows the mechanical grape harvester to get underneath and gather the dried fruit.

SOUTH SIDE TRELLIS – In an east-west row orientation vineyard, an angled cross-arm is added to each trellis stake to support two wires on which fruiting canes are tied. The southern exposure of the fruit facilitates drying. The raisins may be harvested mechanically with a south side harvester.

CONTINUOUS TRAY – Grapes are mechanically harvested and laid out on a continuous (rather than individual) thin sheet of paper where they dry in the sun for two to three weeks.

OPEN GABLE – Trellis wires are connected between rows of v-shaped supports. The unique V-shape lets in additional sunlight and traps the heat. This greatly improves ripening and drying. Raisins are harvested mechanically with a harvester that has been modified to place the raisins in bins instead of gondolas.

b/ Includes Black Corinth, Dovine, and Sultana varieties.