

WYOMING CROP PROGRESS

United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE WYOMING FIELD OFFICE

P.O. BOX 150969 · Lakewood, CO 80215-0969

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE September 23, 2024

CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING SEPTEMBER 22, 2024

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: A combination of varying temperatures and moderate rainfall led to 6.8 days suitable for fieldwork across Wyoming during the week, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Temperatures across the State varied, ranging from 2 degrees below average to 6 degrees above average, according to the High Plains Regional Climate Center (HPRCC) climate maps for the past week. Rainfall was scattered and total accumulations varied, ranging from a trace to as much as 3 inches during the week, according to the National Water Prediction Service (NWPS). Many areas received no measurable rainfall. Drought conditions persisted, according to the U.S. Drought Monitor published for September 17, 2024. The amount of land rated drought free was 7 percent, abnormal dryness was found in 31 percent of Wyoming, moderate drought was at 32 percent, severe drought was 22 percent, and extreme drought was 8 percent. Reports from Goshen County indicated hot and dry conditions, as well as a fourth cutting of hay being harvested. Big Horn County reporters noted ponds have dried up requiring water to be hauled in as the grass is very crispy and at a high threat of fire. Reports from Carbon County indicated producers filing notices of loss for hay production, along with additional purchases of feed and trucking of livestock. Platte County reporters noted cooler temperatures in the morning but high temperatures throughout the rest of the day, along with strong winds and no additional moisture received during the week which kept things dried out and under fire weather warning. Producers in the area have mostly finished harvesting their corn silage and planting their wheat with some replants already noted. Reports from Weston County indicated hailstorms during the week, further damaging the drought-stressed pastureland and causing herd sizes to continue to be trimmed. Hay producers in the area started on the third cutting of alfalfa from irrigated fields. Lincoln County reporters noted cold nights and cool daytime temperatures. Most all their hay has been put up, while small grain producers seem to be combining their grain with indications that production will most likely be down this year. Most ranchers have taken their herds off their summer ranges.

Stock water supplies across Wyoming were reported as 34 percent very short, 25 percent short, and 41 percent adequate, compared with 28 percent very short, 22 percent short, and 50 percent adequate last week. Irrigation water supplies were reported as 4 percent very poor, 11 percent poor, 38 percent fair, and 47 percent good, compared with 1 percent very poor, 12 percent poor, 32 percent fair, and 55 percent good last week.

CROP PROGRESS						
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Alfalfa Hay	u ,	· · · · ·	u ,	· · · · ·		
2 nd cutting harvested	92	90	73	NA		
3 rd cutting harvested	34	27	27	47		
Barley						
Coloring	95	93	NA	NA		
Mature	93	90	91	NA		
Harvested for grain	92	89	87	NA		
Corn						
Dented	70	51	41	68		
Mature	45	26	19	32		
Harvested for silage	52	33	2	46		
Dry beans						
Coloring	94	89	82	NA		
Cut	71	52	38	57		
Harvested	44	27	NA	NA		
Other hay						
2 nd cutting harvested	27	25	30	NA		
Sugarbeets						
Harvested	21	5	12	NA		
Winter wheat						
Planted	67	48	54	57		
Emerged	39	20	23	28		

(--) - zero

	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.8	6.9	6.2	6.5
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	44	35		25
Short	40	45	15	36
Adequate	16	20	85	39
Surplus				
Subsoil moisture				
Very short	42	35		28
Short	41	46	18	36
Adequate	17	19	82	36
Surplus				

DAVE SUITADI E FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

NA - not available (--) - zero

NASS provides accurate, timely, and useful statistics in service to U.S. agriculture. USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer and lender. To file a complaint of discrimination, write: USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Ave., S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410 or call (800) 795-3272 (voice), or (202) 720-6382 (TDD).



Contact: Leslee Lohrenz (800) 392-3202

CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION					
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Alfalfa hay	. ,		. ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Very poor	30	36		NA	
Poor	14	8		NA	
Fair	3	4	3	NA	
Good	52	51	97	NA	
Excellent	1	1		NA	
Corn					
Very poor					
Poor	6	5		2	
Fair	15	14	12	17	
Good	79	81	88	79	
Excellent				2	
Pasture and range					
Very poor	47	46		15	
Poor	21	24	1	20	
Fair	17	12	20	31	
Good	15	18	79	33	
Excellent				1	
Sugarbeets					
Very poor				1	
Poor	1	1		2	
Fair	1	1	22	21	
Good	97	97	78	76	
Excellent	1	1			
	·				
Livestock					
Very poor	3	1			
Poor	10	1		2	
Fair	15	11	1	15	
Good	72	81	98	77	
Excellent		6	1	6	

NA – not available (--) – zero