

UTAH CROP PROGRESS

United States Department of Agriculture
NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE
UTAH FIELD OFFICE

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE October 7, 2024

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CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 6, 2024

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Another week of warm, dry weather occurred throughout the State last week, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Topsoil moisture conditions rated adequate to surplus decreased from 64 percent last week to 56 percent as of October 6. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor for October 3, drought conditions were present across more than 10 percent of the State, unchanged from last week. Abnormally dry conditions sat at 72 percent of the State, up 3 percentage points from the previous week. Beaver County reports low irrigation supplies, and pastures were drying out due to lack of moisture. In Summit County, a fire was burning in the mountains east of Kamas, where a large number of livestock graze from late summer until now. Statewide, the fourth cutting of alfalfa hay was 35 percent complete. Statewide, winter wheat seeded for harvest next year was at 62 percent complete, with crop emergence at 29 percent complete. Corn dented and corn mature were at 90 percent complete and 60 percent complete, respectively. Statewide, corn silage harvest was 60 percent complete. Corn being harvested for grain had just started, and was at 9 percent complete by the end of the week. Statewide, producers continued moving cattle and sheep from summer pastures, with an estimated 37 percent of cattle and calves and 40 percent of sheep and lambs off of summer grazing by week's end. Cattle and sheep receiving supplement feed started early, at 31 percent complete and 22 percent, respectively.

Stock water supplies were reported as 1 percent very short, 3 percent short, 76 percent adequate, and 20 percent surplus, compared with 12 percent short, 75 percent adequate, and 13 percent surplus last week. Irrigation water supplies were reported as 1 percent poor, 24 percent fair, 56 percent good, and 19 percent excellent, compared with 4 percent poor, 29 percent fair, 57 percent good, and 10 percent excellent last week.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alfalfa hay	u ,	,	,	,
4 th cutting harvested	35	27	36	54
Corn				
Dented	90	84	80	76
Mature	60	48	58	47
Harvested for grain	9	5	15	NA
Harvested for silage	60	43	56	61
Winter Wheat				
Planted	62	45	83	62
Emerged	29	10	62	38
Cattle and calves				
Moved from pasture	37	27	49	54
Receiving supplemental feed	31	NA	24	NA
Sheep and lambs				
Moved from pasture	40	31	50	54
Receiving supplemental feed	22	NA	15	NA

NA – not available

(--) - zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.3	7.0	6.2	6.3
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	5	3	1	13
Short	39	33	7	32
Adequate	38	47	79	51
Surplus	18	17	13	4
Subsoil moisture				
Very short	3	3	1	16
Short	31	22	5	27
Adequate	50	59	87	56
Surplus	16	16	7	1

NA – not available

(--) - zero

CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION

	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alfalfa hay				
Very poor	1		3	NA
Poor	8	8	5	NA
Fair	20	19	31	NA
Good	47	56	42	NA
Excellent	24	17	19	NA
Corn				
Very poor	1		4	1
Poor	1			2
Fair	11	19	27	21
Good	75	71	48	62
Excellent	12	10	21	14
Pasture and range				
Very poor	1			7
Poor	7	1	2	20
Fair	38	47	16	30
Good	50	51	71	40
Excellent	4	1	11	3
Cattle and calves				
Very poor				1
Poor	1		2	3
Fair	9	10	9	21
Good	82	82	70	65
Excellent	8	8	19	10
Sheep and lambs				
Very poor				
Poor	1		2	3
Fair	14	13	22	27
Good	78	80	52	57
Excellent	7	7	24	13

NA – not available (--) – zero