



Texas Crop Progress and Condition

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Issue: TX-CW 2824

Weekly Summary for July 22 - July 28

Released: July 29, 2024

Recent rainfall caused a delay of crop progress in some parts of the state, while other parts of the state received little to no rain. Rainfall ranged from trace amounts up to 10 inches, with the Upper Coast and South East Texas receiving the most rain. Drought conditions ranged from none to extreme drought with areas in the Trans-Pecos and Edwards Plateau being the driest. There was an average of 5.1 days suitable for fieldwork.

Row Crops: In the Edwards Plateau, South Central Texas, and South Texas corn and sorghum was being harvested. In the Blacklands, the Upper Coast, and South East Texas, both corn and sorghum harvest was delayed due to rain and wet field conditions. Corn dough reached 78 percent, up 12 points from the previous week, and up 9 points from normal. Corn dented reached 60 percent, up 10 points from the previous week, and up 5 points from normal. Corn mature reached 42 percent, up 4 points from the previous week. Corn harvested reached 27 percent, up 7 points from the previous week. Sorghum coloring reached 66 percent, up 3 points from the previous week, and unchanged from normal. Sorghum mature reached 52 percent, up 2 points from the previous week, and up 6 points from normal. Sorghum harvested reached 42 percent, up 2 points from the previous week. Cotton was progressing in most parts of the state. Cotton squaring reached 82 percent, up 4 points from normal, and up 2 points from normal. Cotton setting bolls reached 49 percent, up 10 points from the previous week, and up 11 points from normal. In the Upper Coast and South Central Texas, producers started harvesting rice and stopped later due to rain and wet field conditions. Rice headed reached 96 percent, up 2 points from the previous week, and up 10 points from normal. Rice harvested reached 6 percent, up 3 points from the previous week, but down 1 point from normal. Peanuts pegging reached 52 percent, up 15 points from the previous week, and up 4 points from normal. Soybeans blooming reached 78 percent, up 12 points from the previous week, and unchanged from normal. Soybeans setting pods reached 50 percent, up 10 points from the previous week, and unchanged from normal. Sunflowers harvested reached 32 percent, up 10 points from the previous week, and up 3 points from normal.

Fruit, Vegetable, and Specialty Crops: In the Northern High Plains, cucumbers were fully cultivated and irrigated. In the Blacklands, okra and figs were progressing. Melon growers were still harvesting in the Southern High Plains. In South Texas, watermelons were being harvested.

Range and Pasture: In the Cross Timbers, the Blacklands, and South Texas, producers were cutting and baling hay. In North East Texas and South East Texas, army worms were on the rise causing issues in hay fields. In the Northern Low Plains, the Southern Low Plains, and the Cross Timbers, the insect population increased due to pastures drying out. Pasture and range conditions were rated at 53%, fair to good.

**Crop Progress by Percent
For Week Ending July 28, 2024**

Stage	Percent of Acreage			
	Current Week	Previous Week	Previous Year	5 Year Average
Corn				
Silking	88	84	88	90
Dough	78	66	72	69
Dented	60	50	60	55
Mature	42	38	24	19
Harvested	27	20	7	3
Upland Cotton				
Squaring	82	78	77	80
Setting Bolls	49	39	34	38
Peanuts				
Pegging	52	37	56	48
Rice				
Headed	96	94	86	86
Harvested	6	3	6	7
Sorghum				
Headed	83	79	84	83
Coloring	66	63	66	66
Mature	52	50	43	46
Harvested	42	40	-	15
Soybeans				
Blooming	78	66	78	78
Setting Pods	50	40	50	50
Sunflowers				
Harvested	32	22	34	29

- Represents zero.

**Crop Condition by Percent
For Week Ending July 28, 2024**

Crop	Percent of Acreage					Index ¹	
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	2024	2023
Corn	12	31	31	16	10	64	76
Upland Cotton	8	32	29	17	14	60	44
Peanuts	7	48	44	1	0	78	70
Rice	9	48	36	5	2	76	84
Sorghum	17	40	28	10	5	74	66
Soybeans	8	18	61	11	2	64	75
Range and Pasture	8	22	31	21	18	53	39

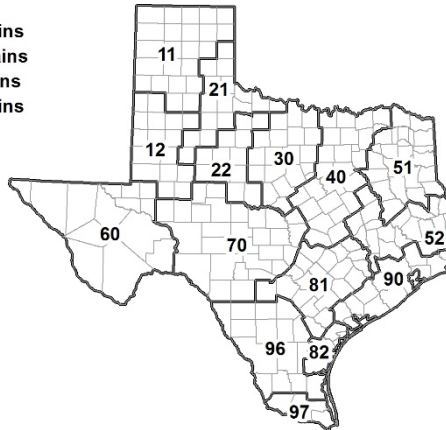
¹ The formula for the condition index is $I = (110E + 90G + 60F + 25P + 5V)/100$ where I = crop condition index and E, G, F, P, V = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent.

**Soil Moisture and Days Suitable by District
For Week Ending July 28, 2024**

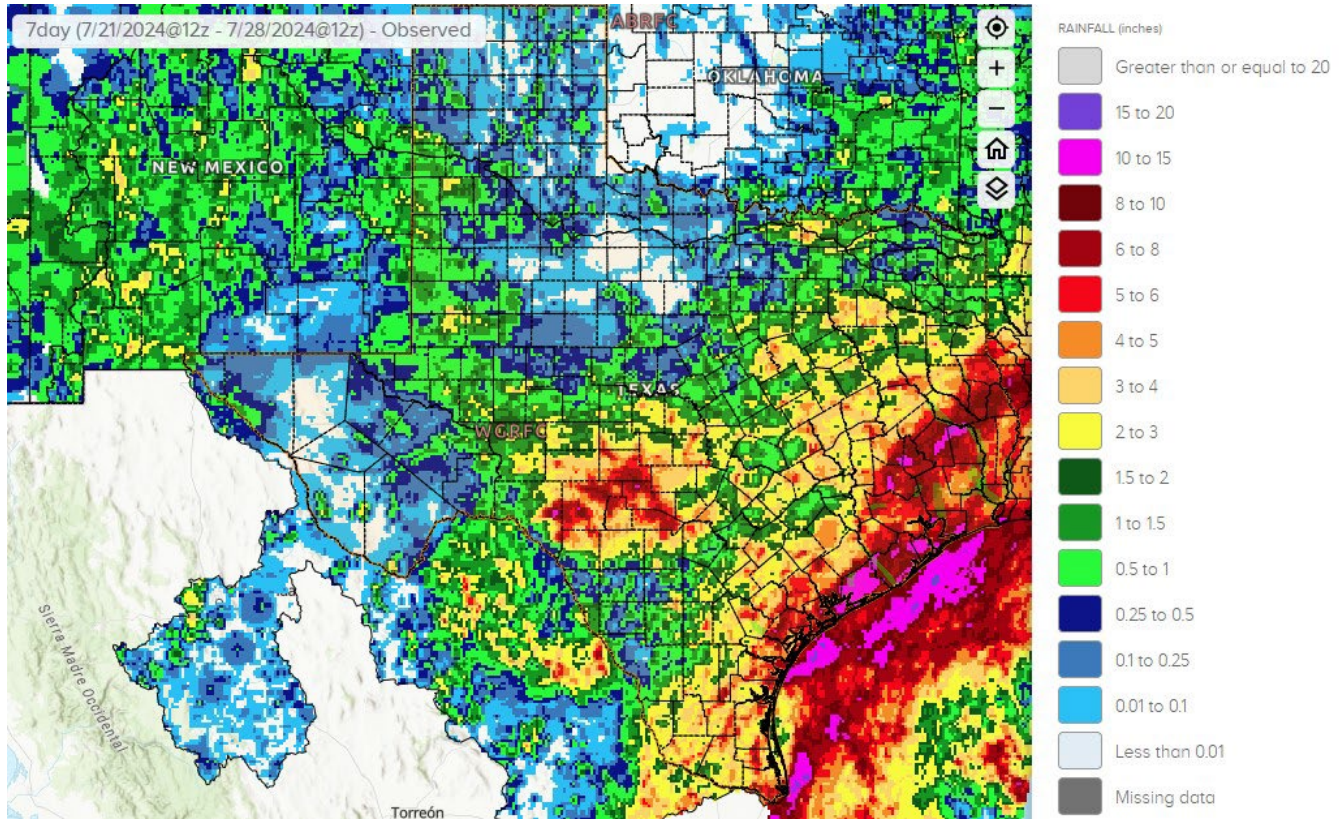
District	Subsoil Moisture Condition by District				Topsoil Moisture Condition by District				Days Suitable for Fieldwork
	Percentage of Acreage				Percentage of Acreage				
	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	
11	25	48	27	0	23	53	24	0	6.0
12	35	25	34	6	18	32	43	7	5.7
21	45	42	13	0	47	40	13	0	6.8
22	18	60	22	0	20	64	16	0	6.6
30	29	35	36	0	34	32	34	0	5.8
40	11	34	50	5	12	35	47	6	4.7
51	0	9	75	16	0	11	66	23	5.0
52	1	6	41	52	2	3	33	62	1.8
60	17	39	44	0	22	34	44	0	3.8
70	24	34	37	5	45	9	38	8	5.4
81	0	18	74	8	0	7	80	13	5.5
82	0	3	23	74	0	0	32	68	2.1
90	0	2	15	83	0	0	15	85	0.8
96	5	22	67	6	6	19	67	8	4.3
97	1	6	93	0	2	10	88	0	1.0
State	20	32	38	10	18	33	38	11	5.1

Texas Agricultural Districts

- 11 Northern High Plains
- 12 Southern High Plains
- 21 Northern Low Plains
- 22 Southern Low Plains
- 30 Cross Timbers
- 40 Blacklands
- 51 North East
- 52 South East
- 60 Trans-Pecos
- 70 Edwards Plateau
- 81 South Central
- 82 Coastal Bend
- 90 Upper Coast
- 96 South
- 97 Lower Valley

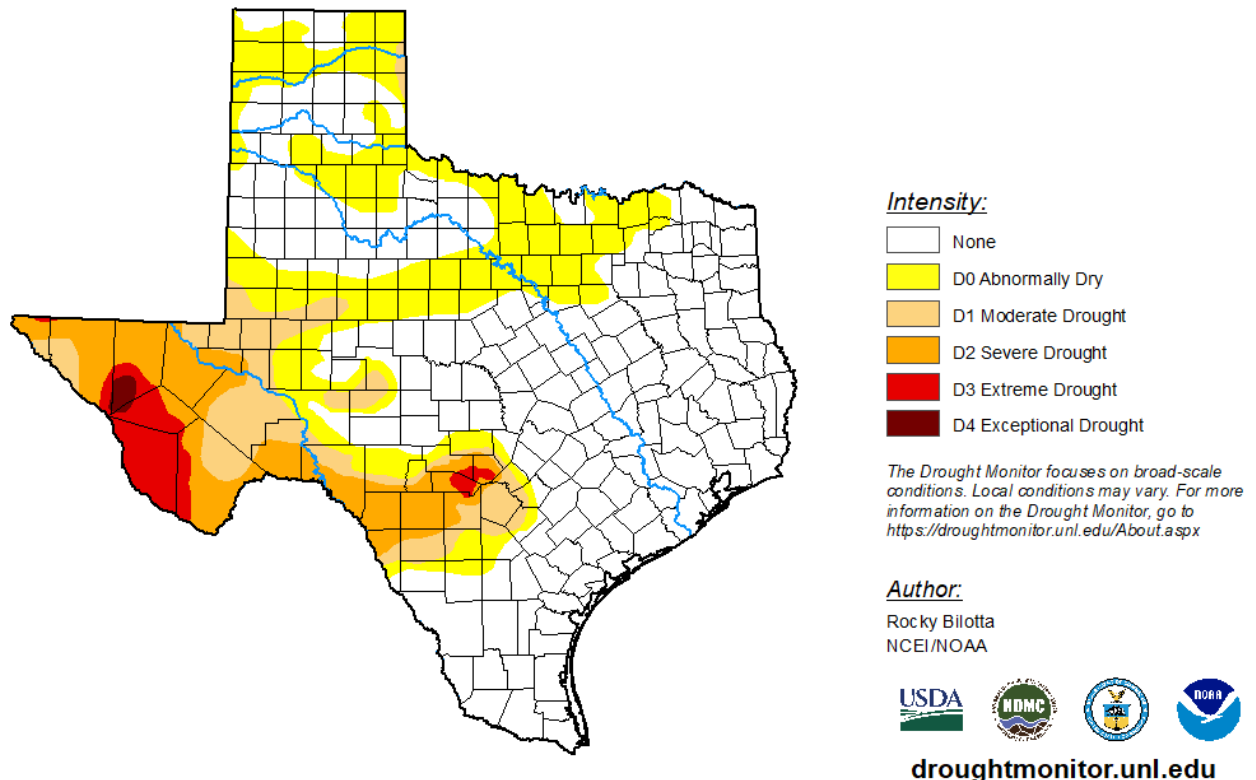


Seven Day Observed Regional Precipitation, July 28, 2024



Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov

Drought Monitor, Map Released: July 25, 2024



Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, a partnership with USDA, U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA, <http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu>