USDA

**MONTANA CROP PROGRESS** 

United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE MONTANA FIELD OFFICE P.O. BOX 150969 · Lakewood, CO 80215-0969 Cooperating with the Montana Department of Agriculture



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE February 3, 2025 Contact: Eric Sommer (800) 392-3202

## CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION MONTH OF JANUARY 2025

**AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY:** January brought a mixed weather pattern to Montana, with varying average temperatures and wideranging precipitation totals when compared with monthly normals, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. According to High Plains Regional Climate Center (HPRCC) data, the northeastern corner of the State recorded temperatures more than 6 degrees above average, while much of southwestern Montana felt temperatures up to 6 degrees below average. National Weather Prediction Service (NWPS) data indicated that several locations across the State accumulated precipitation totaling more than 5 inches (snow water equivalent), while some areas remained dry or received only traces of moisture. The heavier accumulations were noted in western and central counties. Survey reports from Valley County indicated limited snow cover as this point of the season. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor published for January 28, roughly 4 percent of the State was drought free, compared with 6 percent on December 31. Other drought categorizations included: abnormally dry (D0) at 43 percent; moderate drought (D1) at 29 percent; severe drought (D2) at 19 percent; and extreme drought (D3) at 5 percent. Calving and lambing were both underway and were 1 percent complete, compared with 4 and 3 percent complete a year ago, respectively. Supplemental feeding remained heavy for both cattle and sheep. The majority of pastures and ranges were rated in very poor or poor condition, with grazing accessibility reduced to 36 percent open, compared with 50 percent open a year ago. The 2025 winter wheat crop was reported as 71 percent good to excellent, an increase of 30 percentage points when compared with last year.

Note: Monthly reports will be released for February on March 3, 2025; and for March on March 31, 2025.

LIVESTOCK PROGRESS							
Commodity	Current report	Previous report	Previous year	5-year average			
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)			
Cattle and calves							
Cows calved	1	NA	4	NA			
Receiving supplemental feed	94	87	92	NA			
Sheep and lambs							
Ewes lambed	1	NA	3	NA			
Receiving supplemental feed	90	87	95	NA			

NA – not available

(--) – zero

## SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

	Current report	Previous report	Previous year	5-year average
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short			¨ 14	NA
Short	34	34	54	NA
Adequate	35	38	30	NA
Surplus	3	1	2	NA
Subsoil moisture				
Very short	33	31	23	NA
Short	35	37	46	NA
Adequate	30	32	28	NA
Surplus	2		3	NA

NA – not available

(--) – zero

Commodity	Current report	Previous report	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Grazing accessibility	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · · ·	(i )	
Open	36	62	50	NA
Difficult	50	20	35	NA
Closed	14	18	15	NA
Pasture and range		-		
Very poor	34	26	19	NA
Poor	28	57	35	NA
Fair	34	16	40	NA
Good	4	1	5	NA
Excellent			1	NA
Winter wheat			•	
Very poor	2	1		NA
Poor	5	5	3	NA
Fair	22	52	56	NA
Good	70	39	41	NA
Excellent	1	3		NA
Winter wheat – wind damage	·	Ũ		
None	80	65	48	NA
Light	11	21	37	NA
Moderate	7	10	15	NA
Severe	2	4		NA
Winter wheat – freeze and drought damage	2			
None	86	73	47	NA
Light	8	16	32	NA
Moderate	4	9	20	NA
Severe	2	2	1	NA
Winter wheat – protectiveness of snow cover	2	2	I	
Very poor	11	11	8	NA
Poor	10	53	54	NA
Fair	22	27	21	NA
Good	56	5	17	NA
Excellent	1	5 4		NA
NA – not available	I	4		INA