MONTANA CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture
NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE
MONTANA FIELD OFFICE

P.O. BOX 150969 · Lakewood, CO 80215-0969 Cooperating with the Montana Department of Agriculture



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE October 7, 2024

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CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 6, 2024

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Temperatures varied, and conditions remained very dry, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Isolated portions of the north and northwest experienced average temperatures from about normal to 4 degrees below normal, according to data from the High Plains Regional Climate Center (HPRCC). For the most part, however, average temperatures were in a range of about 2 to 8 degrees above normal. The highest average temperatures were found mostly in southern portions of the State. Precipitation was below normal for all of Montana. The majority of the State received zero or near zero precipitation. A few isolated areas in the northwest received about 0.25 inch of moisture or less. The U.S. Drought Monitor report released October 3, indicated that the amount of land rated drought free increased to 15 percent, up from 7 percent last week. Abnormal dryness was found in 43 percent of Montana, down 6 percentage points. Moderate drought stood at 21 percent, down from 24 percent last week. Severe drought was rated 12 percent, a 1 percent increase. Extreme conditions were slightly above 8 percent, same as last week. Exceptional drought was also unchanged, standing at 1 percent. Frost occurred in Prairie County the past week, which adversely affected corn for silage. An agent in Roosevelt County reported that aside from the very dry conditions, strong winds caused damage in some parts of the county.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS					
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average	
Alfalfa hay	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
2 nd cutting harvested	96	93	NA	NA	
Canola					
Harvested	93	86	88	NA	
Corn					
Harvested for grain	18	10	31	21	
Harvested for silage	46	36	75	70	
Flaxseed					
Harvested	88	76	NA	NA	
Oats					
Harvested	97	84	93	NA	
Other hay					
2 nd cutting harvested	96	91	88	NA	
Safflower					
Coloring	95	87	94	NA	
Harvested	60	56	66	67	
Sugar beets					
Harvested	9	2	17	12	
Winter wheat					
Planted	64	61	68	60	
Emerged	50	24	25	26	
Cattle and calves					
Moved from pasture	36	29	44	38	
Receiving supplemental feed	11	NA	7	16	
Sheep and lambs					
Moved from pasture	25	18	40	38	
Receiving supplemental feed	14	NA	4	17	

NA – not available (--) – zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION					
	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average	
Days suitable for field work	6.5	6.2	6.3	5.6	
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	20 <i>.</i>	20	30	32	
Short	45	39	38	34	
Adequate	35	41	31	28	
Surplus			1	6	
Subsoil moisture					
Very short	26	25	40	35	
Short	44	40	35	36	
Adequate	30	35	25	25	
Surplus				4	

NA – not available

(--) – zero

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CROP.	PASTURE	AND RANGE	CONDITION 1

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Corn	,	, ,	,	, ,
Very poor	1	1	1	4
Poor	6	10	2	8
Fair	30	37	20	23
Good	57	49	69	58
Excellent	6	3	8	7
Pasture and range				
Very poor	27	27	11	26
Poor	27	27	13	16
Fair	39	36	31	28
Good	7	9	38	23
Excellent		1	7	7

¹Current conditions for Sugarbeets are available using the QuickStats on-line database at: https://www.nass.usda.gov/Quick_Stats/ NA – not available
(--) – zero