MONTANA CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE MONTANA FIELD OFFICE

P.O. BOX 150969 · Lakewood, CO 80215-0969 Cooperating with the Montana Department of Agriculture



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE May 20, 2024

Contact: Eric Sommer (800) 392-3202

CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING MAY 19, 2024

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Montana was mostly dry, and temperatures were mostly at or below normal, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Precipitation levels fell in a range from normal to slightly below normal for most of Montana, according to data from the High Plains Regional Climate Center (HPRCC). In some central parts of the State, moisture levels were about 0.9 inch below normal. Slightly above normal levels were received in isolated areas in the southeast, and in a few northern areas. Average temperatures were mostly in a range from about normal to as high as 6 degrees above normal. In a few isolated areas temperatures measured 8 degrees above the average. Following the abundant rain received the previous week, drought conditions improved. The amount of land rated drought free jumped to 39 percent, according to the U.S. Drought Monitor report released on May 16, 2024. This compares with 14 percent the previous week. Abnormal dryness was found in 23 precent of the State, down 20 percentage points from last week. Moderate drought conditions were found in 29 percent of Montana, down 2 percentage points. Severe drought fell to 8 percent, down from 11 percent. Extreme drought conditions were unchanged, at just under 2 percent. A reporter in Blaine County stated conditions were windy, and rains were scattered. Temperatures were cooler, which slowed crop progress. Rains were minimal in Wibaux County. Winds were excessive, which resulted in drier conditions. Nighttime temperatures were cool, and grasses were growing at a slow pace.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS				
	Current week	Previous week		

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Barley	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Planted	79	71	74	78
	44	17	20	43
Emerged Canola	44	17	20	43
Planted	54	32	38	52
	5	32	10	11
Emerged	3		10	11
Corn	21	_	46	48
Planted		5	46	
Emerged	5		16	9
Dry edible beans	50	0.5	0.4	F-7
Planted	58	35	64	57
Emerged	13	3	20	10
Dry peas				
Planted	80	62	66	77
Emerged	29	9	25	37
Durum wheat				
Planted	71	42	47	53
Emerged	37	25	15	19
Flaxseed				
Planted	48	21	52	50
Emerged	1		19	14
Lentils				
Planted	86	67	58	70
Mustard seed				
Planted	66	53	73	64
Emerged	23	6	22	19
Oats				
Planted	59	35	52	62
Emerged	32	12	20	27
Safflower	V-			
Planted	24	17	41	36
Emerged	1		8	7
Spring wheat	'			,
Planted	81	63	67	74
Emerged	38	18	34	42
Sugarbeets	30	10	34	42
Planted	17	10	32	61
Winter wheat	17	10	32	01
	20	4	22	1.1
Booted	20	1	23	14
Cattle and calves				
Cows calved	95	91	94	NA
Moved to pasture	59	44	31	52
Receiving supplemental feed	23	43	30	33
Sheep and lambs				
Ewes lambed	92	89	84	91
Moved to pasture	54	41	37	58
Receiving supplemental feed	25	42	30	35

NA – not available

(--) - zero

opsoil moisture Very shortShort	5.6 (percent)	2.4 (percent)	6.4 (percent)	5.0 (percent)
Very short	(percent)	\i' /	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	9			(percent)
Short		14	6	9
	42	46	19	24
Adequate	46	37	74	63
Surplus	3	3	1	4
ubsoil moisture				
Very short	10	13	4	15
Short	46	52	37	26
Adequate	41	32	58	57
Surplus	3	3	1	2

CROP, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Grazing accessibility	,	,	,	" ,
Open	74	81	84	85
Difficult	22	13	14	10
Closed	4	6	2	5
Pasture and range				
Very poor	7	10	6	13
Poor	14	20	17	16
Fair	49	46	48	35
Good	28	22	28	30
Excellent	2	2	1	6
Winter wheat				
Very poor	1	1	1	4
Poor	6	4	2	6
Fair	40	49	48	38
Good	37	38	47	36
Excellent	16	8	2	16

NA – not available (--) – zero