

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service

Georgia Crop Progress and Condition Report



Cooperating with the Georgia Department of Agriculture and the Cooperative Extension Service Southern Regional Field Office · 355 East Hancock Avenue, Suite 100 · Athens, GA 30601 · (800) 253-4419 www.nass.usda.gov

This report contains data collected each week from respondents across the state whose occupations provide them opportunities to discuss agricultural production with farmers in their counties as well as to make visual observations. We thank all who have contributed to this report.

September 3, 2024 Media Contact: Anthony Prillaman

General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in Georgia, there were 6.6 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, September 1, 2024. Precipitation totals from available reporting stations ranged from no rain to 2.3 inches of rain throughout the week. Average high temperatures ranged from the low 80s to the high 90s. Average low temperatures ranged from the high 50s to the mid 70s.

Crops

Another dry and hot week for most of the state with little to no noticeable rainfall amounts in many areas. The continued dry and hot conditions moved corn producers to increase harvesting activities to limit damage and irrigation needs. Many cotton and peanut producers used irrigation pivots to help alleviate dry field conditions. Early planted cotton bolls continued to open, but spider mite pressure in the later planted crop was noted to be significant. Most peanut producers were preparing to begin digging their crop in the next few weeks. Soybeans remained in mostly good condition, but some producers noted that leaves began to yellow and suffer due to lack of rainfall. Dry and hot conditions impacted hay fields and many producers worried that they might not be able to get a third cutting in this year. Armyworms continued to be noted and have significantly impacted hayfields and pastures throughout the state.

Livestock and Pastures

Cattle were in mostly good to fair condition, while pastures were in mostly fair to good condition. While some rainfall helped pastures that received it, dry conditions and armyworm damage continued to negatively affect conditions. Cattle operators continue to feed supplemental hay due to poor grazing conditions.

Crop Progress for Week Ending 09/01/24

Prev year	Prev week	This week	5 Year avg
(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
94	93	97	96
64	50	68	66
95	92	95	97
22	16	28	30
33	NA	32	42
1	NA	1	1
81	85	89	87
17	16	26	13
	(percent) 94 64 95 22 33 1 81	(percent) (percent) 94 93 64 50 95 92 22 16 33 NA 1 NA 81 85	(percent) (percent) (percent) 94 93 97 64 50 68 95 92 95 22 16 28 33 NA 32 1 NA 1 81 85 89

(NA) Not available.

Conditions for Week Ending 09/01/24

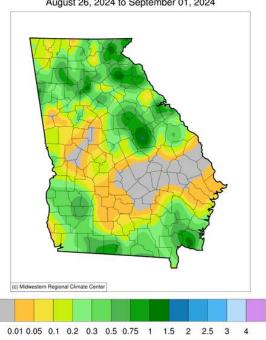
Crop	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Cattle	3	8	30	50	9
Cotton	2	10	32	47	9
Pasture and range	15	25	34	25	1
Peanuts	1	8	33	49	9
Soybeans	2	10	34	50	4

Soil Moisture for Week Ending 09/01/24

Topsoil	Previous week	This week	
	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short ShortAdequateSurplus	36	29 43 27 1	
Subsoil	Previous week	This week	
	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	15 34 50 1	24 35 41 0	

Accumulated Precipitation (in)

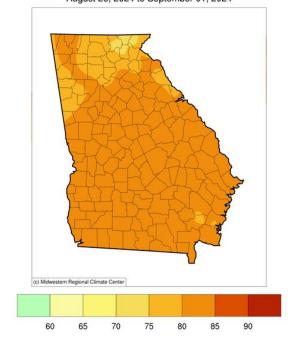
August 26, 2024 to September 01, 2024



https://mrcc.purdue.edu/CLIMATE

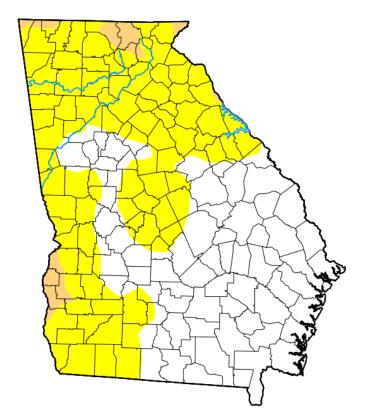
Average Temperature (°F)

August 26, 2024 to September 01, 2024



https://mrcc.purdue.edu/CLIMATE

U.S. Drought Monitor Georgia



August 27, 2024

(Released Thursday, Aug. 29, 2024) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	48.16	51.84	3.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
Last Week 08-20-2024	85.36	14.64	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago 05-28-2024	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	46.66	53.34	28.92	11.91	0.07	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-26-2023	78.43	21.57	4.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 08-29-2023	88.99	11.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:

None D2 Severe Drought D0 Abnormally Dry D3 Extreme Drought D1 Moderate Drought D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

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droughtmonitor.unl.edu