United States Department of Agriculture
National Agricultural Statistics Service

Georgia Crop Progress and Condition Report

Cooperating with the Georgia Department of Agriculture and the Cooperative Extension Service
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This report contains data collected each week from respondents across the state whose occupations provide them opportunities to discuss agricultural production with farmers in their counties as well as to make visual observations. We thank all who have contributed to this report.

June 3, 2024

Media Contact: Anthony Prillaman

General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in Georgia, there were 5.6 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, June 2, 2024. Precipitation totals from available reporting stations ranged from no rain to 2.9 inches of rain throughout the week. Average high temperatures ranged from the low 70s to the low 90s. Average low temperatures ranged from the low 50s to the low 70s.

Crops

It was another dry week for the state, with only some isolated areas in the northwestern and southern regions of the state receiving significant precipitation. Despite the dry week for most of the state, many areas continued to struggle with wet fields. Some areas with flooded fields reported seed disease and erosion. Field work activities in wet areas suffered, with reports of equipment getting stuck and planting of cotton and peanuts significantly delayed in some counties. In drier areas of the state, operators took advantage of the weather and conducted a significant amount of field work. Herbicides were applied to planted fields, while irrigation systems were turned on in dry fields. Peaches were reported to be in mostly good condition, despite late tree thinning due to weather earlier in the season.

Livestock and Pastures

Cattle and pastures were reported to be in mostly good condition, although flies continued to be a problem in some areas of the state. Pastures in drier areas of the state declined in condition and were reported to need rain.

Crop Progress for Week Ending 6/2/24

Crop stage	Prev year	Prev week	This week	5 Year avg
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Blueberries - Harvested	79	76	79	83
Corn - Silking	36	13	27	38
Cotton - Planted	79	63	77	81
Cotton - Squaring	5	1	5	5
Hay - 1st Cutting	83	74	83	87
Oats - Harvested	55	36	55	64
Peaches - Harvested	22	28	30	26
Peanuts - Planted	85	63	79	87
Soybeans - Planted	64	53	64	65
Soybeans - Emerged	50	38	46	50
Winter Wheat - Harvested	58	43	58	65

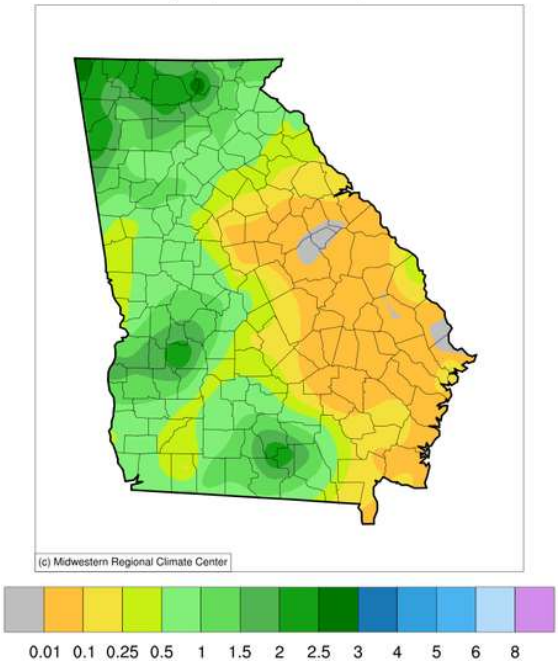
Conditions for Week Ending 6/2/24

Crop	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Cattle	1	4	19	61	15
Corn	0	2	19	63	16
Cotton	1	4	38	54	3
Oats	0	3	30	65	2
Pasture and range	2	6	24	58	10
Peaches	0	0	1	57	42
Peanuts	1	5	37	51	6
Soybeans	0	0	19	73	8
Winter Wheat	0	2	27	66	5

Soil Moisture for Week Ending 6/2/24

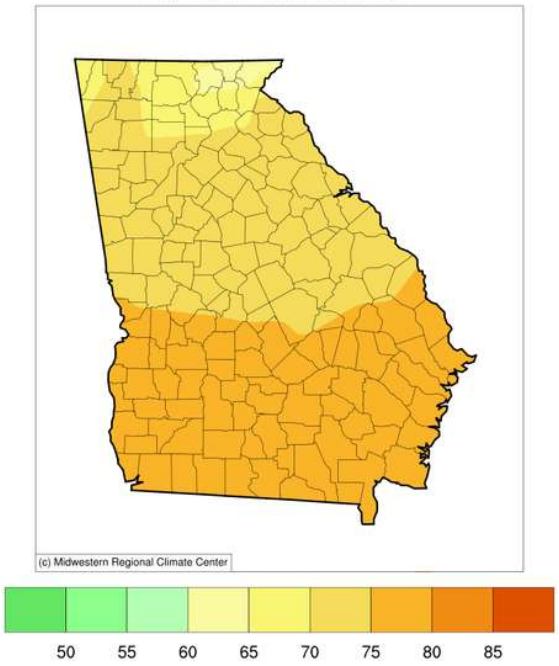
Topsoil	Previous week	This week
	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	0	2
Short	7	16
Adequate	70	68
Surplus	23	14
Subsoil	**Previous week**	**This week**
	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	1	2
Short	6	10
Adequate	75	75
Surplus	18	13

Accumulated Precipitation (in)
May 27, 2024 to June 02, 2024



https://mrcc.purdue.edu/CLIMATE

Average Temperature (°F)
May 27, 2024 to June 02, 2024



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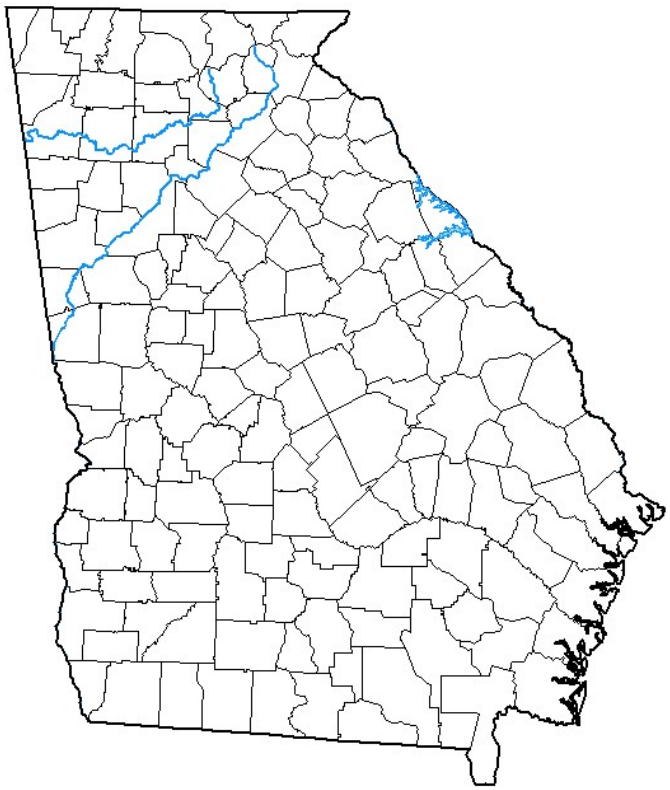
U.S. Drought Monitor

Georgia



May 28, 2024

(Released Thursday, May. 30, 2024)

Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Last Week *05-21-2024*	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago *02-27-2024*	96.40	3.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year *01-02-2024*	46.66	53.34	28.92	11.91	0.07	0.00
Start of Water Year *09-26-2023*	78.43	21.57	4.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago *05-30-2023*	95.36	4.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:

- None
- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

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droughtmonitor.unl.edu