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United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service

Georgia Crop Progress and Condition Report



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Cooperating with the Georgia Department of Agriculture and the Cooperative Extension Service

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This report contains data collected each week from respondents across the state whose occupations provide them opportunities to discuss agricultural production with farmers in their counties as well as to make visual observations. We thank all who have contributed to this report.

November 12, 2024

General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in Georgia, there were 4.4 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, November 10, 2024. Precipitation totals from available reporting stations ranged from no rain to 15.1 inches of rain throughout the week. Average high temperatures ranged from the mid 60s to the mid 80s. Average low temperatures ranged from the mid 50s to the low 70s.

Crops

Temperatures remained unseasonably warm across much of the state, although precipitation levels varied greatly throughout the week. While the eastern and southern regions experienced significant rainfall, other regions of the state received only limited, if any, precipitation. In South Central Georgia, there were instances of flooding, with road closures, structural damage, and soil erosion reported. Although planting and harvesting activities were halted in areas of excess precipitation, reporters noted that the increased precipitation should finally allow many operators the needed moisture to seed winter grazing crops. In regions with lighter rain amounts, some operators used the improved soil conditions to dig dryland peanut fields that had been too dry to dig in previous weeks.

Livestock and Pastures

Cattle were in mostly good to fair condition, while pastures were in mostly fair to poor condition. Weeds were reported to be a significant issue in some pasture fields. Many operators in drought-stricken areas continued to feed supplemental hay to cattle, with some having done so since June. Warm temperatures and recent rains helped improve pasture conditions in many areas of the state.

Crop Progress for Week Ending 11/10/24

| | | 5 | - | - |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Crop stage | Prev year | Prev week | This week | 5 Year avg |
| | (percent) | (percent) | (percent) | (percent) |
| Cotton - Harvested | 54 | 52 | 60 | 59 |
| Hay - 3rd Cutting | NA | 92 | 96 | NA |
| Oats - Planted | 63 | 43 | 50 | 59 |
| Peanuts - Dug | 93 | 84 | 91 | 95 |
| Peanuts - Harvested | 85 | 69 | 78 | 87 |
| Rye - Planted | 53 | 39 | 47 | 48 |
| Soybeans - Harvested | 71 | 66 | 76 | 64 |
| Winter Wheat - Planted | 32 | 23 | 31 | 30 |
| Winter Wheat - Emerged | 13 | 8 | 17 | 14 |
| | | | | |

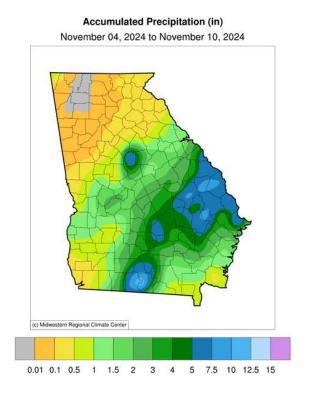
(NA) Not Available

Conditions for Week Ending 11/10/24

| - | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| Crop | Very poor | Poor | Fair | Good | Excellent | |
| | (percent) | (percent) | (percent) | (percent) | (percent) | |
| Cattle | 3 | 10 | 35 | 43 | 9 | |
| Pasture and range | 18 | 28 | 37 | 16 | 1 | |

Soil Moisture for Week Ending 11/10/24

| ·· | | | | | | |
|------------|---------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Topsoil | Previous week | This week | | | | |
| | (percent) | (percent) | | | | |
| Very short | 48 | 22 | | | | |
| Short | 33 | 25 | | | | |
| Adequate | 19 | 35 | | | | |
| Surplus | 0 | 18 | | | | |
| Subsoil | Previous week | This week | | | | |
| | (percent) | (percent) | | | | |
| Very short | 41 | 18 | | | | |
| Short | 38 | 31 | | | | |
| Adequate | 21 | 39 | | | | |
| Surplus | 0 | 12 | | | | |

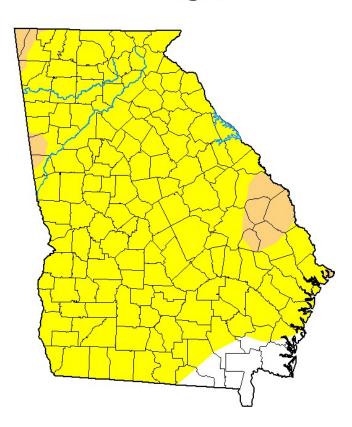


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U.S. Drought Monitor Georgia



November 5, 2024

(Released Thursday, Nov. 7, 2024) Valid 7 a.m. EST

| | Drought Conditions (Percent Area) | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | None | D0-D4 | D1-D4 | D2-D4 | D3-D4 | D4 |
| Current | 5.04 | 94.96 | 5.08 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Last Week 10-29-2024 | 5.13 | 94.87 | 0.77 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 3 Month s Ago 08-06-2024 | 79.89 | 20.11 | 0.36 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024 | 46.66 | 53.34 | 28.92 | 11.91 | 0.07 | 0.00 |
| Start of Water Year 10-01-2024 | <mark>98.3</mark> 5 | <mark>1.6</mark> 5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| One Year Ago 11-07-2023 | 39.48 | 60.52 | 37.42 | 15.97 | 6.59 | 1.82 |

Intensity:

None
D0 Abnormally Dry
D1 Moderate Drought



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

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National Drought Mitigation Center

