Think you



United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service Georgia Crop Progress

and Condition Report

COUNT

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This report contains data collected each week from respondents across the state whose occupations provide them opportunities to discuss agricultural production with farmers in their counties as well as to make visual observations. We thank all who have contributed to this report.

October 21, 2024

General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in Georgia, there were 6.7 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, October 20, 2024. Precipitation totals from available reporting stations ranged from no rain to 0.2 inches of rain throughout the week. Average high temperatures ranged from the low 60s to the high 70s. Average low temperatures ranged from the mid 30s to the mid 50s.

Crops

It was an extremely dry week last week for the entire state, with only isolated parts of the northern region of the state receiving even minimal precipitation. Temperatures continued to cool, with some areas seeing their first frost advisories of the season. The cooler temperatures were noted to have drastically slowed down the maturity of the late planted peanut crop. The dry weather was favorable for harvesting activities, with cotton, peanut, and soybean harvest making strong progress throughout the week. Reporters noted that dry soil conditions made digging peanuts much more difficult in non-irrigated fields, thus further delaying harvest in some areas. It was also observed that more operators were baling peanut vines than usual due to the shortage of hay production this year. Seeding of winter grazing crops also continued to be a challenge for many operators due to the dry weather. Hurricane Helene recovery continued in the most affected regions of the state, with pecan and cotton crops the most impacted.

Livestock and Pastures

Cattle were in mostly good to fair condition, while pastures were in mostly fair to good condition. Pasture development struggled in many areas due to the prolonged dry conditions. Reporters noted that livestock loss reports continued to emerge from operators across the state after Hurricane Helene, with some choosing to sell their herds completely.

Crop Progress for Week Ending 10/20/24

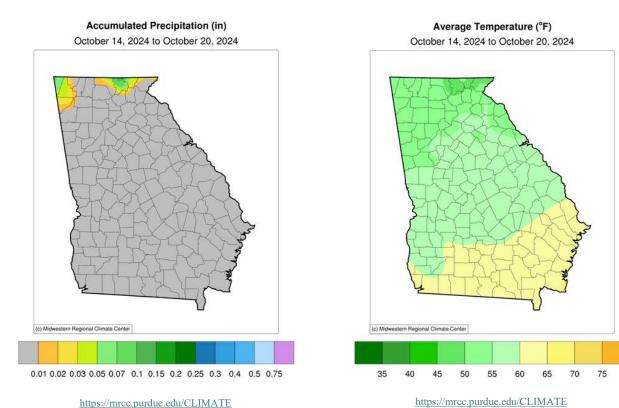
Crop stage	Prev year	Prev week	This week	5 Year avg			
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)			
Cotton - Bolls Opening	92	90	94	92			
Cotton - Harvested	19	19	29	28			
Hay - 3rd Cutting	94	78	82	94			
Oats - Planted	33	20	27	30			
Peanuts - Dug	64	43	55	72			
Peanuts - Harvested	49	27	40	56			
Rye - Planted	25	17	25	24			
Soybeans - Drop Leaves	87	81	86	86			
Soybeans - Harvested	37	35	46	34			
Winter Wheat - Planted	15	6	12	12			

Conditions for Week Ending 10/20/24

U						
Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent		
(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
4	9	31	48	8		
5	19	38	33	5		
16	26	38	19	1		
3	11	37	44	5		
6	13	40	38	3		
	(percent) 4 5 16 3	(percent) (percent) 4 9 5 19 16 26 3 11	(percent) (percent) (percent) 4 9 31 5 19 38 16 26 38 3 11 37	(percent) (percent) (percent) (percent) 4 9 31 48 5 19 38 33 16 26 38 19 3 11 37 44		

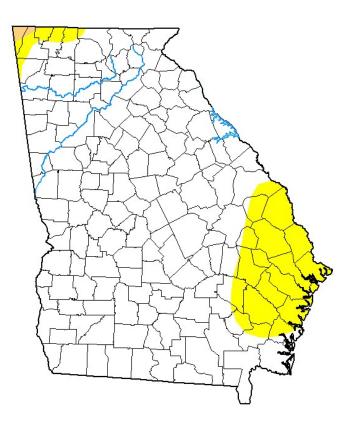
Soil Moisture for Week Ending 10/20/24

Topsoil	Previous week	This week	
	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	6	17	
Short	22	43	
Adequate	61	39	
Surplus	11	1	
Subsoil	Previous week	This week	
	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	3	13	
Short	25	34	
Adequate	66	52	
Surplus	6	1	



https://mrcc.purdue.edu/CLIMATE

U.S. Drought Monitor Georgia



October 15, 2024 (Released Thursday, Oct. 17, 2024) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

	Drought Conditions (Percent Area)					
	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	86.22	13.78	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
Last Week 10-08-2024	86.22	<mark>13.78</mark>	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Month s Ago 07-16-2024	1 0.70	89.30	40.98	5.70	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	46.66	53.34	28.92	<mark>11.91</mark>	0.07	0.00
Start of Water Year 10-01-2024	98.35	1.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 10-17-2023	55.99	44.01	18.98	3.42	0.00	0.00

Intensity:

None D0 Abnormally Dry D1 Moderate Drought

D2 Severe Drought D3 Extreme Drought D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

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