

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service

Georgia Crop Progress and Condition Report



Cooperating with the Georgia Department of Agriculture and the Cooperative Extension Service
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This report contains data collected each week from respondents across the state whose occupations provide them opportunities to discuss agricultural production with farmers in their counties as well as to make visual observations. We thank all who have contributed to this report.

May 31, 2022 Media Contact: Anthony Prillaman

General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in Georgia, there were 4.3 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, May 29, 2022. Precipitation for the state ranged from 0.3 to 8.0 inches. Average high temperatures ranged from the mid 70s to the low 90s. Average low temperatures ranged from the mid 50s to the low 70s.

Crops

Georgia received much needed rain across the state last week after a very dry early part of May. Soil moisture levels shifted from being very short and short to being adequate in most areas. Heavy rains in central Georgia caused terraces to be busted and fields washed out, and fields will now need to be replanted. The rains also held up fieldwork, including planting, harvest, and herbicide applications.

Early planted corn fields continued to tassel and began silking. Planting of cotton, soybeans and peanuts picked up towards the end of the week after much needed rainfall replenished soil moisture. Some cotton and peanut fields began to see weed pressure after the rain. Hay cutting and baling was limited or delayed due to the wet conditions in many areas. Wheat fields continued to be harvested as weather conditions permitted. Some wheat was reported to have been damaged from rain and wind in central Georgia. Sightings of Japanese beetle, cucumber beetle, and diamond back moth on vegetable crops and fruit trees were reported in northwest Georgia.

Livestock and Pastures

Livestock were generally in good condition throughout the state. Pastures began to green up and conditions improved with the rain received across the state last week.

Crop Progress for Week Ending 05/29/22

Crop stage	Prev year	Prev week	This week	5 Year avg
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Blueberries - Harvested Corn - Silking Cotton - Planted Cotton - Squaring Hay - 1st Cutting	79	76	84	76
	22	4	18	28
	76	59	73	74
	1	NA	1	2
	83	70	80	81
Oats - Harvested	63	32	44	51
Peaches - Harvested	19	8	19	21
Peanuts - Planted	80	71	82	80
Soybeans - Planted	63	41	55	53
Soybeans - Emerged	44	25	38	38
Winter wheat - Harvested	56	29	44	48

(NA) Not available.

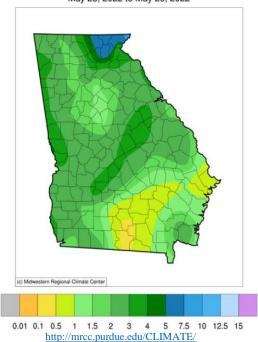
Conditions for Week Ending 05/29/22

Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
1	5	24	61	9
1	4	23	65	7
1	3	32	58	6
1	7	40	49	3
3	10	35	44	8
0	0	14	62	24
0	2	21	69	8
1	1	42	48	8
1	4	35	56	4
	(percent) 1 1 1 1	(percent) (percent) 1 5 1 4 1 3 1 7 3 10 0 0	(percent) (percent) (percent) 1	(percent) (percent) (percent) (percent) 1

Soil Moisture for Week Ending 05/29/22

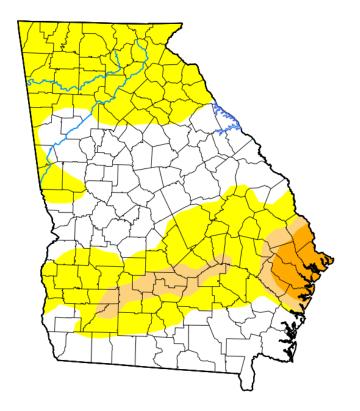
5011 111010ta10 101 11100tt E11a111g 50/20/22				
Topsoil	Previous week	This week		
	(percent)	(percent)		
Very short	20 45 33 2	4 19 68 9		
Subsoil	Previous week	This week		
	(percent)	(percent)		
Very short	13 45 40 2	4 21 68 7		

Accumulated Precipitation (in) May 23, 2022 to May 29, 2022

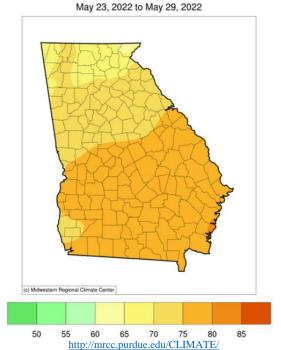


U.S. Drought Monitor

Georgia



Average Temperature (°F)



May 24, 2022 (Released Thursday, May. 26, 2022) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	44.98	55.02	9.41	3.31	0.00	0.00
Last Week 05-17-2022	26.74	73.26	24.80	4.99	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago 02-22-2022	68.74	31.26	3.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-04-2022	97.01	2.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-28-2021	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 05-25-2021	97.86	2.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

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droughtmonitor.unl.edu