

### United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service

# Florida Crop Progress and Condition Report



Cooperating with the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the UF/IFAS Extension Service Southern Region, Florida Field Office · 851 Trafalgar Court Suite 310 E · Maitland, FL 32751 · (800) 253-4419 · (855) 271-9801 FAX <a href="https://www.nass.usda.gov">www.nass.usda.gov</a>

This report contains data collected each week from respondents across the state whose occupations provide them opportunities to discuss agricultural production with farmers in their counties as well as to make visual observations. We thank all who have contributed to this report.

February 6, 2023 Media Contact: Mark Hudson

#### General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in Florida, there were 6.6 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, February 5, 2023. Precipitation for the state ranged from no rain to 4.5 inches at Fort Lauderdale International Airport (Broward County). The average mean temperature ranged from 59.4°F in Niceville (Okaloosa County) to 80.2°F at Key West Naval Air Station (Monroe County).

#### Citrus

Temperatures were well above average in the citrus growing region last week, with average highs in the low to mid 80's. The warmest readings were recorded in Bartow (Polk County) and Wauchula (Hardee County) at 85 degrees, followed by Sebring (Highlands County) at 84 degrees. The citrus belt received widespread but very light rainfall during the reporting period associated with the passage of a weak cold front. The most rain fell in Winter Haven (Polk County), with 0.3 inches of precipitation, followed by Clermont (Lake County), reading 0.2 inches. According to the February 2, 2023, U.S. Drought Monitor, abnormally dry conditions expanded considerably to cover the majority of the citrus growing region, with the exception of an area centered on the west coast of the peninsula which remained drought free.

Grove operations included spraying pesticides and nutritionals, fertilizing, spraying herbicides, mowing, skirting of tree canopies, topping, hedging, discing, removal of dead trees, replanting young trees, replacement of individual protective tree covers, and general grove maintenance. Irrigation was being run statewide. Field personnel reported bloom in groves across multiple areas of the state, and continued color improvement on Valencia oranges.

Packinghouses were shipping red and white grapefruit, early, mid-season and late oranges, and tangerines. Processors were handling Valencia orange packinghouse eliminations, and a small amount of field run fruit.

Processing of Valencia oranges was expected to ramp up through February into March.

#### **Citrus Estimated Boxes Harvested**

[In thousands of 1-3/5 bushel boxes]

Crop	F	Previous Year		
	Jan 15, 2023 (Preliminary)	Jan 22, 2023 (Preliminary)		Jan 30, 2022 (Actual)
	(boxes)	(boxes)	(boxes)	(boxes)
Early and Mid-				
oranges	219	200	27	1,723
Navel oranges	1	1	0	1
Valencia Oranges	2	10	24	74
Red grapefruit	81	83	81	105
White grapefruit	9	3	4	39
Tangerines and				
Tangelos	22	30	11	32
Total	334	327	147	1,974

Source: Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Service Fruit and Vegetable Division

#### Crops

The southeastern part of the state received some much needed rain while the rest of the state received little precipitation. Despite the rain, drought conditions worsened across the state. Reporters noted that some early land preparation began for spring plantings. Vegetable crops that were planted and harvested last week include green beans, okra, yellow squash, zucchini, avocado, and cabbage. There were some reports of cabbage bleaching due to cold weather.

#### **Livestock and Pastures**

Cattle were reported to be in mostly good to fair condition, while pastures were reported to be in mostly poor to fair condition. Reporters noted that some pastures in the northern half of the state improved due to increased precipitation, milder temperatures, and longer days.

Conditions for Week Ending 2/5/23

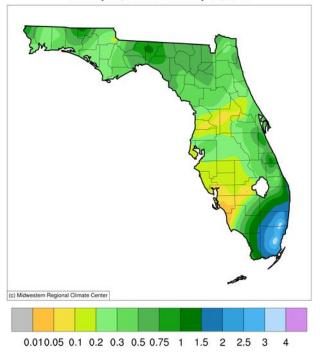
Crop	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
	,		,	,	,	
Cattle	1	7	35	50	7	
Pasture & range	2	37	38	19	4	

Soil Moisture for Week Ending 2/5/23

Topsoil	Previous week	This week
	(percent)	(percent)
Very shortShortAdequateSurplus.	3 28 68 1	3 21 74 2

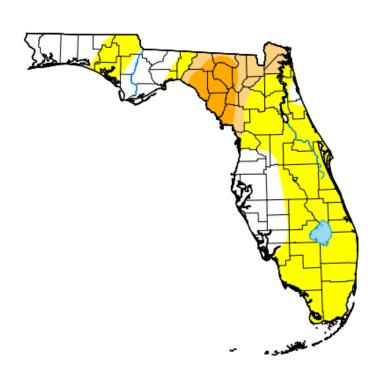
#### **Accumulated Precipitation (in)**

January 30, 2023 to February 05, 2023



https://mrcc.purdue.edu/CLIMATE/

## U.S. Drought Monitor Florida



#### January 31, 2023 (Released Thursday, Feb. 2, 2023)

Valid 7 a.m. EST

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	27.55	72.45	15.58	7.63	0.00	0.00
Last Week 01-24-2023	60.28	39.72	20.46	9.54	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago 11-01-2022	64.27	35.73	27.80	17.53	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-03-2023	56.61	43.39	30.80	19.77	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-27-2022	91.16	8.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 02-01-2022	82.72	17.28	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:

None D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought
D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions.
Local conditions may vary. For more information on the
Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

Author: Rocky Bilotta NCEI/NOAA









droughtmonitor.unl.edu