## COLORADO CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE COLORADO FIELD OFFICE



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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE May 20, 2024

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## **CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING MAY 19, 2024**

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Scattered moisture, primarily above average temperatures, and windy conditions were seen across the State, according to the Mountain Region Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor released on May 16, drought conditions were present across 9 percent of the State, down minimally from last week. Abnormally dry conditions across the State decreased almost 3 percent to just over 30 percent. Conditions improved within the San Luis Valley, while areas in the northern portion of the State were downgraded to abnormally dry. Severe drought conditions in Prowers County were unchanged from last week, and over 9 percent of the State was rated under moderate drought conditions, up from last week. Moisture was concentrated to the high country in northwestern counties. Reporters noted ongoing wolf depredation in Grand and Jackson Counties. According to the Natural Resources Conservation Service, USDA, snowpack in the region was 119 percent of median snowfall. Moisture was scattered in northeastern counties last week, with isolated areas receiving an inch of moisture. Reports noted stripe rust was found this week in Kit Carson and Yuma Counties, and wheat stem sawflies have begun their emergence. Conditions across the winter wheat growing area were varied, with the northeastern crop in good condition. The crop in the southeastern portion of the State was stressed due to lack of moisture. Many areas in southeastern counties received at least half an inch of moisture last week, with isolated areas having received up to 2 inches. In the San Luis Valley, rain slowed fieldwork early in the week, but provided much needed moisture to the area. Barley planting was virtually complete in the area, while planting of the potato crop made significant progress. Reporters noted that livestock were in good condition. As of May 20, 2024, snowpack in Colorado was 114 percent measured as percent of median snowfall according to the NRCS, USDA. The Southwest and San Luis Valley were 53 and 48 percent, respectively.

Alfalfa harvest progressed minimally last week, with 3 percent of the crop harvested. Planting of the barley crop was almost complete, with 95 percent of the crop planted. Barley emergence continued ahead of the previous year's pace, but behind the average with 68 percent of the crop emerged. Planting of the corn crop progressed quickly last week, with 57 percent of the intended acres reported as planted, behind the 5-year average of 63 percent. Emergence of the corn crop jumped ahead of the previous year and 5-year average, with 23 percent of the crop having emerged by week's end. Potato planting picked up across the State last week, with 69 percent of acres planted in the San Luis Valley and 55 percent reported planted across the rest of the State, both still notably behind the average. Planting of the onion and sugarbeet crop in northeastern counties continued, with 78 percent of onions and 94 percent of the sugarbeet crop planted. Stored feed supplies were rated as 7 percent short, 72 percent adequate, and 21 percent surplus. Cattle death loss was 1 percent heavy, 41 percent average, and 58 percent light. Sheep death loss was 3 percent heavy, 75 percent average, and 22 percent light.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS						
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Alfalfa	u ,	,	,	" ,		
1st cutting harvested	3	1	3	4		
Barley						
Planted	95	90	91	95		
Emerged	68	60	53	78		
Corn						
Planted	57	33	56	63		
Emerged	23	5	13	21		
Dry edible beans						
Planted	5		12	4		
Emerged	1	NA	NA	NA		
Onions						
Planted	78	75	81	77		
Potatoes inside San Luis Valley	-					
Planted	69	39	74	83		
Potatoes outside San Luis Valley						
Planted	55	40	55	73		
Emerged	7	4	24	25		
Proso millet	·					
Planted	20	4	16	12		
Sorghum		·				
Planted	12	1	19	12		
Sugarbeets	· <del>-</del>	·				
Planted	94	70	72	83		
Emerged	51	29	20	33		
Sunflowers	01	20				
Planted	9	1	11	8		
Winter wheat	v	· ·	''			
Jointing	80	68	70	82		
Headed	21	1	24	21		
Coloring	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA		

- not available

(--) - zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION						
	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.2	5.5	4.2	5.3		
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Very short	20 <i>.</i>	" 13 ´	" 5	" 11		
Short	22	28	14	23		
Adequate	53	50	73	62		
Surplus	5	9	8	4		
Subsoil moisture						
Very short	15	7	11	17		
Short	16	16	22	26		
Adequate	66	72	64	56		
Surplus	3	5	3	1		

NA – not available (--) – zero

## CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alfalfa hay	,	,	,	, ,
Very poor		4	3	4
Poor	2	9	8	9
Fair	18	24	27	24
Good	60	53	47	51
Excellent	20	10	15	12
Barley				
Very poor		1		1
Poor		1		3
Fair	18	18	9	22
Good	55	52	24	47
Excellent	27	28	67	27
Pasture and range				
Very poor		4	4	15
Poor	16	14	25	17
Fair	40	26	45	33
Good	39	51	25	32
Excellent	5	5	1	3
Winter wheat	· ·			
Very poor	4	6	14	13
Poor	19	11	28	18
Fair	32	31	29	31
Good	43	47	25	32
Excellent	2	5	4	6
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Livestock				
Very poor	1	3	7	2
Poor	4	5	17	8
Fair	32	26	34	24
Good	56	53	32	58
Excellent	7	13	10	8

NA – not available (--) – zero