



United States Department of Agriculture  
National Agricultural Statistics Service  
**Alabama Crop Progress  
and Condition Report**



Cooperating with the Alabama Department of Agriculture and Industries  
Southern Region, Georgia Field Office · 355 East Hancock Avenue · Athens, GA 30601 · (800) 253-4419 · (855) 271-9801 FAX  
[www.nass.usda.gov](http://www.nass.usda.gov)

This report contains data collected each week from respondents across the state whose occupations provide them opportunities to discuss agricultural production with farmers in their counties as well as to make visual observations. We thank all who have contributed to this report.

July 25, 2022

Media Contact: Anthony Prillaman

**General**

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in Alabama, there were 5.5 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, July 24th, 2022. Precipitation ranged from trace amounts to 8.1 inches. Average high temperatures ranged from the high 80s to the mid 90s. Average low temperatures ranged from the high 60s to the high 70s.

**Crops**

The west central part of the state received a significant amount of rain throughout the week while most of the rest of the state experienced hot, dry weather. Some reporters noted that parts of the state received severe storms with high winds and hail. Crop conditions and soil moisture for much of the state continued to remain mostly adequate; however, some reporters noted that crops were suffering due to a lack of rain. Corn silking was complete with some concern about yields and condition. Soybeans had largely bloomed and continued to rapidly set pods. Cotton was reported to mostly be in good condition and continued squaring and setting bolls. Most producers had cut hay for the second time, with some even beginning a third cutting. Peanuts pegging progressed well throughout the week.

**Livestock and Pastures**

Cattle continued to be in mostly good condition, although there were some reports of livestock stress due to high temperatures. Pasture conditions remained mostly good this week.

**Crop Progress for Week Ending 07/24/22**

Crop stage	Prev year (percent)	Prev week (percent)	This week (percent)	5 Year avg (percent)
Corn - Mature .....	34	17	37	39
Cotton - Squaring.....	86	86	89	86
Cotton - Setting Bolls .....	39	50	65	52
Hay - 2nd Cutting.....	69	78	85	77
Peanuts - Pegging .....	75	70	78	84
Soybeans - Blooming.....	73	61	76	74
Soybeans - Setting Pods ...	37	29	45	43

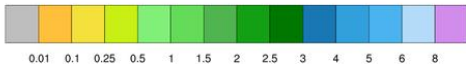
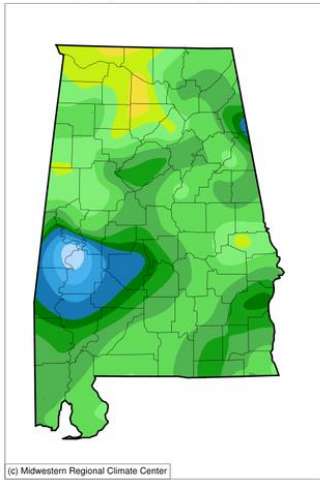
**Conditions for Week Ending 07/24/22**

Crop	Very poor (percent)	Poor (percent)	Fair (percent)	Good (percent)	Excellent (percent)
Cattle.....	0	2	21	73	4
Corn .....	4	12	55	27	2
Cotton.....	0	2	28	66	4
Pasture and range ....	1	5	39	53	2
Peanuts .....	0	0	9	84	7
Soybeans .....	0	4	54	40	2

**Soil Moisture for Week Ending 07/24/22**

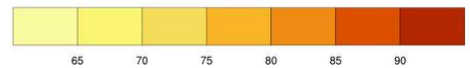
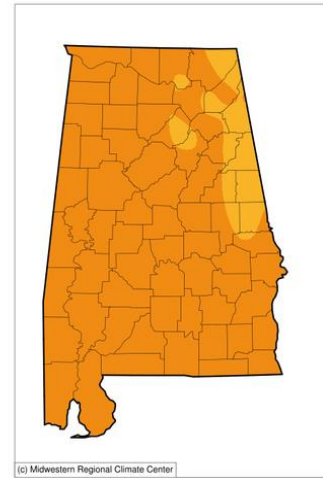
Topsoil	Previous week (percent)	This week (percent)
Very short.....	2	2
Short.....	32	32
Adequate .....	62	62
Surplus .....	4	4
Subsoil	Previous week (percent)	This week (percent)
Very short.....	2	1
Short.....	34	29
Adequate .....	62	67
Surplus .....	2	3

**Accumulated Precipitation (in)**  
July 18, 2022 to July 24, 2022



<http://mrcc.purdue.edu/CLIMATE/>

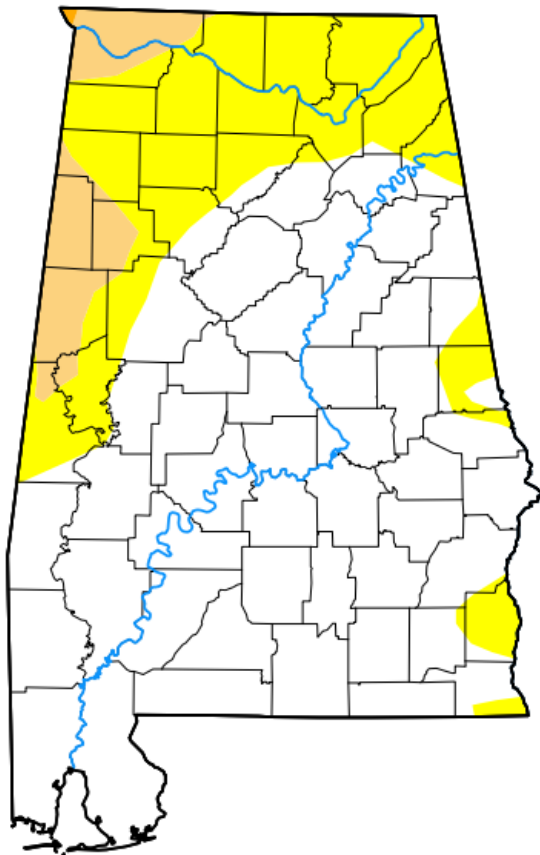
**Average Temperature (°F)**  
July 18, 2022 to July 24, 2022



<http://mrcc.purdue.edu/CLIMATE/>

## U.S. Drought Monitor Alabama

**July 19, 2022**  
(Released Thursday, Jul. 21, 2022)  
Valid 8 a.m. EDT



*Drought Conditions (Percent Area)*

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
<b>Current</b>	70.03	29.97	6.00	0.06	0.00	0.00
<b>Last Week</b> 07-12-2022	60.49	39.51	8.87	0.06	0.00	0.00
<b>3 Months Ago</b> 04-19-2022	97.04	2.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Start of Calendar Year</b> 01-04-2022	76.82	23.18	3.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Start of Water Year</b> 09-28-2021	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>One Year Ago</b> 07-20-2021	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

**Intensity:**

- None
- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

**Author:**

Brian Fuchs  
National Drought Mitigation Center



[droughtmonitor.unl.edu](http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu)