

Crop Progress

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Corn Harvested – Selected States

[These 18 States harvested 93% of the 2023 corn acreage]

		Week ending		2040 2022
State	November 3, 2023	October 27, 2024	November 3, 2024	2019-2023 Average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	76	58	74	72
Illinois	87	87	95	81
Indiana	65	77	88	69
lowa	86	84	92	75
Kansas	93	89	93	90
Kentucky	88	87	92	90
Michigan	37	62	82	46
Minnesota	83	85	95	77
Missouri	88	86	91	83
Nebraska	82	79	90	78
North Carolina	98	97	99	98
North Dakota	64	71	85	64
Ohio	40	72	89	52
Pennsylvania	43	50	60	55
South Dakota	71	78	89	70
Tennessee	95	96	98	96
Texas	94	99	100	94
Wisconsin	46	65	81	49
18 States	78	81	91	75

Soybeans Harvested – Selected States

[These 18 States harvested 96% of the 2023 soybean acreage]

		Week ending		2040 2022
State	November 3, 2023	October 27, 2024	November 3, 2024	2019-2023 Average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	94	87	93	84
Illinois	93	90	95	87
Indiana	85	87	93	83
lowa	96	96	98	92
Kansas	86	84	93	80
Kentucky	68	64	75	68
Louisiana	100	97	99	99
Michigan	66	91	95	70
Minnesota	96	98	100	95
Mississippi	98	95	97	92
Missouri	81	75	86	69
Nebraska	94	94	98	96
North Carolina	42	37	43	44
North Dakota	95	95	98	89
Ohio	86	90	96	82
South Dakota	96	96	98	94
Tennessee	78	77	85	70
Wisconsin	81	96	98	83
18 States	89	89	94	85

Cotton Harvested – Selected States

[These 15 States harvested 98% of the 2023 cotton acreage]

		Week ending		2040 2022
State	November 3, 2023	October 27, 2024	November 3, 2024	2019-2023 Average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama Arizona Arkansas California Georgia Kansas Louisiana Mississippi Missouri	64 42 94 32 42 40 99 90 83	58 71 85 35 39 44 90 83 68	69 72 94 50 52 50 95 92	57 44 86 52 49 31 92 80 66
North Carolina Oklahoma South Carolina Tennessee Texas Virginia	48 40 37 72 46 50	27 30 45 66 48 54	42 40 61 78 58 63	52 37 44 62 49 50
15 States	55	52	63	54

Sorghum Harvested – Selected States

[These 6 States harvested 100% of the 2023 sorghum acreage]

		Week ending		2040-2022
State	November 3, 2023	October 27, 2024	November 3, 2024	2019-2023 Average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	75	58	78	79
Kansas	78	67	81	75
Nebraska	78	71	81	78
Oklahoma	69	57	72	69
South Dakota	81	81	90	78
Texas	100	99	100	100
6 States	83	75	85	82

Peanuts Harvested – Selected States

[These 8 States harvested 96% of the 2023 peanut acreage]

		Week ending			
State	November 3, 2023	October 27, 2024	November 3, 2024	2019-2023 Average	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Alabama	83	63	73	81	
Florida	90	78	90	91	
Georgia	76	55	69	79	
North Carolina	79	55	73	75	
Oklahoma	76	43	54	66	
South Carolina	69	66	80	71	
Texas	54	50	71	54	
Virginia	92	84	96	87	
8 States	76	59	73	77	

Sugarbeets Harvested – Selected States

[These 4 States harvested 86% of the 2023 sugarbeet acreage]

		Week ending	2010 2022	
State	November 3, 2023	October 27, 2024	November 3, 2024	2019-2023 Average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Idaho	87 66 100 100	67 38 98 95	89 70 100 99	88 67 93 92
4 States	92	83	93	88

Sunflowers Harvested – Selected States

[These 4 States harvested 87% of the 2023 sunflower acreage]

		Week ending	2040-2022	
State	November 3, 2023	October 27, 2024	November 3, 2024	2019-2023 Average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	83 78 45 47	73 67 46 42	85 79 62 65	71 71 55 53
4 States	49	47	65	56

Winter Wheat Planted - Selected States

[These 18 States planted 89% of the 2023 winter wheat acreage]

		Week ending		2040-2022
State	November 3, 2023	October 27, 2024	November 3, 2024	2019-2023 Average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas California Colorado Idaho Illinois Indiana Kansas Michigan Missouri Montana Nebraska North Carolina	75 97 100 49	48 30 99 94 85 72 87 89 59 88 99	63 45 99 99 92 83 94 96 79 95 100 34	66 34 99 99 87 84 93 87 68 96 100 42
Ohio	84 86 98	88 59 93 95 70 100	95 72 95 98 76 100	93 88 93 100 80 98
18 States	88	80	87	89

Winter Wheat Emerged – Selected States [These 18 States planted 89% of the 2023 winter wheat acreage]

		Week ending		2040-2022
State	November 3, 2023	October 27, 2024	November 3, 2024	2019-2023 Average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	44	23	30	46
California	14	10	15	13
Colorado	86	74	86	84
Idaho	89	69	83	83
Illinois	73	55	69	62
Indiana	55	40	57	61
Kansas	78	63	76	73
Michigan	65	65	78	73
Missouri	50	26	44	45
Montana	83	72	80	78
Nebraska	96	81	83	94
North Carolina	26	11	19	23
Ohio	71	52	69	75
Oklahoma	67	36	47	73
Oregon	56	58	66	53
South Dakota	87	66	70	86
Texas	59	46	52	59
Washington	85	89	95	82
18 States	72	56	66	71

Winter Wheat Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 3, 2024

[These 18 States planted 89% of the 2023 winter wheat acreage]

State	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	5	15	50	29	1
California	-	-	10	75	15
Colorado	8	12	22	53	5
Idaho	-	2	55	37	6
Illinois	5	6	21	64	4
Indiana	1	5	31	50	13
Kansas	8	15	37	33	7
Michigan	-	5	31	50	14
Missouri	1	5	33	56	5
Montana	3	11	64	22	-
Nebraska	10	25	28	32	5
North Carolina	2	6	22	68	2
Ohio	-	3	29	58	10
Oklahoma	5	22	42	28	3
Oregon	2	8	27	40	23
South Dakota	3	20	42	31	4
Texas	18	20	38	21	3
Washington	7	14	29	41	9
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18 States	8	15	36	35	6
Previous week	7	16	39	33	5
Previous year	6	11	33	42	8

⁻ Represents zero.

Days Suitable for Fieldwork - Selected States

[Days suitable for fieldwork are weighted based on cropland acreage]

	Week ending					
State	November 3, 2023	October 27, 2024	November 3, 2024			
	(Days)	(Days)	(Days)			
Alabama	7.0	6.9	6.3			
Arizona	7.0	7.0	6.0			
Arkansas	4.3	6.9	5.3			
California	7.0	6.9	6.9			
Colorado	6.3	6.6	5.7			
Connecticut	6.0 7.0	7.0 7.0	7.0			
Delaware			7.0			
Florida	6.9	6.6	6.8			
Georgia	6.6	6.8	6.7			
Idaho	4.2	5.2	4.7			
Illinois	5.6	6.6	5.7			
Indiana	5.4	6.7	6.1			
lowa	6.0	6.7	4.7			
Kansas	6.3	6.5	5.4			
Kentucky	5.6	6.9	6.1			
Louisiana	6.6	7.0	4.7			
Maine	4.5	6.5	6.5			
Maryland	7.0	7.0	7.0			
Massachusetts	5.5	7.0	6.5			
Michigan	4.1	6.3	6.2			
Minnesota	4.7	6.5	5.5			
Mississippi	6.4	6.8	5.2			
Missouri	5.7	6.6	4.8			
Montana	3.6	7.0	7.0			
Nebraska	5.8	6.5	5.7			
Nevada	7.0	7.0	7.0			
New Hampshire	7.0	7.0	7.0			
New Jersey	7.0	7.0	7.0			
New Mexico	7.0	6.7	6.4			
New York	4.5	6.0	6.0			
North Carolina	6.8	6.5	6.8			
North Dakota	3.2	6.4	6.0			
Ohio	4.6	6.8	6.4			
Oklahoma	5.5	6.7	5.3			
_	5.2		4.9			
Oregon	-	6.3				
Pennsylvania	6.0	7.0	7.0			
Rhode Island	6.0	6.5	6.5			
South Carolina	6.7	6.6	6.8			
South Dakota	6.0	6.8	6.2			
Tennessee	5.8	6.8	5.6			
Texas	5.7	5.9	5.7			
Utah	6.5	6.0	3.7			
Vermont	3.5	5.5	5.0			
Virginia	6.7	6.9	6.9			
Washington	4.1	6.1	5.2			
West Virginia	5.6	6.8	6.3			
Wisconsin	4.3	6.6	5.1			
Wyoming	6.1	6.9	6.1			

Topsoil Moisture Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 3, 2024 [National topsoil moisture conditions for selected States are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Very short	Short	Adequate	Surplus
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	24	44	32	_
Arizona	7	5	83	5
Arkansas	22	39	35	4
California	10	10	80	-
Colorado	29	36	28	7
Connecticut	-	94	6	<u>.</u>
Delaware	80	19	1	_
Florida	11	23	62	4
Georgia	48	33	19	-
Idaho	7	28	62	3
Illinois	22	43	32	3
Indiana	32	42	25	1
	21	38	39	2
lowa				9
Kansas	21	34	36	9
Kentucky	16	45	38	1
Louisiana	9	34	51	6
Maine	8	15	76	1
Maryland	58	39	3	-
Massachusetts	30	10	60	-
Michigan	14	47	38	1
Minnesota	24	39	35	2
Mississippi	16	41	41	2
Missouri	8	27	63	2
Montana	37	36	27	-
Nebraska	41	38	21	-
Nevada	5	35	50	10
New Hampshire	5	45	50	-
New Jersey	60	40	-	_
New Mexico	42	41	15	2
New York	2	21	73	4
North Carolina	12	54	33	1
North Dakota	20	38	40	2
Ohio	41	42	17	_
Oklahoma	33	35	24	8
Oregon	12	49	37	2
Pennsylvania	10	33	57	_
Rhode Island	30	30	40	_
South Carolina	42	34	16	- 0
South Dakota	42	39	19	0
				- 1
Tennessee	19	31	49	1
Texas	43	35	20	2
Utah	8	30	58	4
Vermont	-		100	-
Virginia	21	53	26	-
Washington	15	28	51	6
West Virginia	52	45	3	-
Wisconsin	9	40	48	3
Wyoming	56	26	18	-
48 States	25	37	35	3
Previous week	32	41	27	-
Previous year	13	27	55	5

⁻ Represents zero.

Subsoil Moisture Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 3, 2024 [National subsoil moisture conditions for selected States are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Very short	Short	Adequate	Surplus
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	24	41	35	-
Arizona	6	5	84	5
Arkansas	19	34	45	2
California	15	10	75	_
Colorado	19	39	40	2
Connecticut	-	70	30	
Delaware	48	49	3	_
Florida	8	23	63	6
Georgia	41	38	21	_
Idaho	12	45	40	3
Illinois	19	49	31	
Indiana	31	43	26	<u>.</u>
lowa	27	42	31	_
	23	42	30	5
Kansas				3
Kentucky	17 12	42 37	40 47	
Louisiana				4
Maine	8	15	76	1
Maryland	39	56	5	-
Massachusetts	30	10	60	-
Michigan	29	31	38	2
Minnesota	21	38	40	1
Mississippi	18	42	39	1
Missouri	17	35	47	1
Montana	37	38	25	-
Nebraska	41	39	20	-
Nevada	5	35	55	5
New Hampshire	-	15	85	-
New Jersey	61	34	5	-
New Mexico	46	42	11	1
New York	-	11	83	6
North Carolina	5	28	65	2
North Dakota	20	36	42	2
Ohio	47	42	11	-
Oklahoma	34	38	23	5
Oregon	15	41	43	1
Pennsylvania	9	27	64	_
Rhode Island	30	25	45	_
South Carolina	15	52	25	8
South Dakota	35	39	26	_
Tennessee	19	34	46	1
Texas	41	38	20	1
Utah	8	31	60	
Vermont	-	31	100	-
Virginia	15	43	42	
	17	35	43	5
Washington	61	39	43	5
Wisconsin	15	40	44	
	52	30	18	'
Wyoming	52	30	10	-
48 States	26	38	35	1
Previous week	29	39	31	1
Previous year	17	32	48	3

⁻ Represents zero.

Crop Progress and Condition Tables Expected Next Week

Corn: Harvested Sunflowers: Harvested

Cotton: Harvested Winter Wheat: Planted, Emerged, Condition

Peanuts: HarvestedDays Suitable for FieldworkSorghum: HarvestedTopsoil Moisture ConditionSoybeans: HarvestedSubsoil Moisture Condition

Sugarbeets: Harvested

Statistical Methodology

Survey Procedures: Crop progress and condition estimates are based on survey data collected each week from early April through the end of November. The non-probability crop progress and condition surveys include input from approximately 3,600 respondents whose occupations provide them opportunities to make visual observations and frequently bring them in contact with farmers in their counties. Based on standard definitions, these respondents subjectively estimate the progress of crops through various stages of development, as well as the progress of producer activities. They also provide subjective evaluations of crop conditions.

Most respondents complete their questionnaires on Friday or early Monday morning and submit them to the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) Field Offices in their States by mail, telephone, fax, e-mail, or through a secured internet website. A small number of reports are completed on Thursday, Saturday, and Sunday. Regardless of when questionnaires are completed, respondents are asked to report for the entire week ending on Sunday. For reports submitted prior to the Sunday reference date, a degree of uncertainty is introduced by projections for weekend changes in progress and condition. By the end of the 2020 season, over 95 percent of the data were being submitted through the internet website. As a result, the majority of all data are submitted on Monday morning, significantly reducing projection uncertainty.

Respondents are sent written reporting instructions at the beginning of each season and are contacted periodically to ensure proper reporting. Terms and definitions of crop stages and condition categories used as reporting guidelines are available on the NASS website at www.nass.usda.gov/Publications/National_Crop_Progress.

Estimating Procedures: Reported data are reviewed for reasonableness and consistency by comparing with data reported the previous week and data reported in surrounding counties for the current week. Field Offices summarize the reported data to district and State levels, weighting each county's reported data by NASS county acreage estimates. Summarized indications are compared with previous week estimates, and progress items are compared with earlier stages of development and historical averages to ensure reasonableness. Weather events and respondent comments are also taken into consideration. State estimates are submitted to the Agricultural Statistics Board (ASB) along with supporting comments, where they are compared with surrounding States and compiled into a National level summary by weighting each State by its acreage estimates. National crop planting progress, progress of development stages, and condition estimates are weighted using the program State's average planted acres over the previous three crop years. National crop harvest progress estimates are weighted using the program State's average harvested acres over the previous three crop years. Pasture and range condition is weighted using pasture acreage and/or livestock inventories from the most recent Census of Agriculture. Days suitable for fieldwork, topsoil moisture and subsoil moisture are weighted using cropland acreage from the Census of Agriculture.

Revision Policy: Progress and condition estimates in the *Crop Progress* report are released after 4:00 pm ET on the first business day of the week. These estimates are subject to revision the following week.

Information Contacts

Listed below are the commodity statisticians in the Crops Branch of the National Agricultural Statistics Service to contact for additional information. E-mail inquiries may be sent to nass@usda.gov.

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Joshua Bates – Hemp, Oats, Soybeans	(202) 690-3234
Natasha Bruton - Barley, Cotton System Consumption and Stocks, Grain Crushings	(202) 690-1042
David Colwell – Fats and Oils, Flour Milling Products	(202) 720-8800
Michelle Harder – Hay, Peanuts	(202) 690-8533
James Johanson – Rye, Wheat	(202) 720-8068
Greg Lemmons – Corn, Proso Millet, Rice	(202) 720-9526
Becky Sommer – Cotton, Cotton Ginnings, Sorghum	(202) 720-5944
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- Cornell's Mann Library has launched a new website housing NASS's and other agency's archived reports. The new website, https://usda.library.cornell.edu. All email subscriptions containing reports will be sent from the new website, https://usda.library.cornell.edu. To continue receiving the reports via e-mail, you will have to go to the new website, create a new account and re-subscribe to the reports. If you need instructions to set up an account or subscribe, they are located at: https://usda.library.cornell.edu/help. You should whitelist notifications@usda-esmis.library.cornell.edu in your email client to avoid the emails going into spam/junk folders.

For more information on NASS surveys and reports, call the NASS Agricultural Statistics Hotline at (800) 727-9540, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: nass@usda.gov.

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